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St. James's, March 29.

AN humble Addreſs of the Miniſters and Elders of the Commiſſion of the General Aſſembly of the Church of Scotland, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Mr. Hamilton and Mr. Mitchel, Miniſters of the Church of Scotland, introduced by his Grace the Duke of Roxburghe, one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

An humble Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Juſtices of the Peace, Clergy, and Gentlemen of the County of Nottingham, met at the Aſſizes held for that County March 16, 1716-17. has been preſented to His Majeſty by His Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County.

An humble Addreſs of the Bayliffs, Burgeſſes, Coroners, Recorder, Common-Council, Town-Clerk, Vicar, Curate, Maſters and Owners of Ships, and others the Principal Inhabitants of the Borough and Corporation of Scarborough in the County of York, has been preſented to His Majeſty by William Thompſon and John Hungerford, Eſqs; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Cadogan.

Which Addreſſes His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

Venice, March 19. Two new Men of War of the firſt Rate, are ſailed to Iſtria to take in their Guns. On the 15th ſailed a Convoy of 19 Ships for the Levant: All the Officers of the Troops are commanded to repair to their reſpective Poſts before the Middle of April, on Pain of being caſhiered. An Engliſh Ship which is come in from Salonica, has brought Advice, that a Brother of the late Grand Vizier was arrived there, with Orders to raiſe 10000 Men in that Diſtrict; and that the Captain Basſhaw who commanded the Turkiſh Fleet the laſt Year, is to command it again this Summer, but that a Seraskier is to attend him to obſerve his Conduct. 'Tis adviſed from Butrinto, that the Turks begin to make great Preparations on that ſide; but 'tis reckoned General Schulenbourg will be in Motion with the Forces of this State, before the Enemy can be in a Condition to undertake any thing. Dr. Sherrard, late Conſul at Smyrna, is arrived here in his Way to England.

Vienna, March 20. Letters from Buda of the 16th Inſtant adviſe, that ſeveral Barks were newly arrived there, with Mounting for the Imperial Regiments; and that the Commiſſaries were diligently employed in reviewing the Troops in their Winter-Quarters, that they might put them in the better Readineſs to take the Field on the firſt Notice. To Day Orders were ſent from this Court, for all the Forces which are to ſerve this Campaign in Hungary, to rendezvous at Futack near Peterwaradin on the 15th of April.

Genoa, March 23. By Letters from Rome of the 16th Inſtant we have Advice, that the Pretender was expected at Peſaro on the 18th. All the Letters which came in Yeſterday from ſeveral Parts of Italy through which he had paſſed, agree, that he is in a very ill State of Health; and they write particularly from Parma, that he is relapſed into the Diſtemper he had at Avignon.

Copenhagen, March 27. The Squadron of Men of War which is to be commanded by Vice-Admiral Gabel, conſiſts of ſix Ships from 70 to 90 Guns, and of three from 50 to 70. Theſe are now all out of the Baſon, and will be ready to put to Sea in a very few Days, in order to which the Officers are commanded to lie on board. M. Roſenkrantz, formerly his Daniſh Majeſty's Miniſter at the Court of Great-Britain, was laſt Week made a Privy Counſellour.

Dreſden, March 27. On the 24th of this Month General Janus's Regiment was broke here, by an Order from Warſaw. Letters from Warſaw of the 20th, which came in laſt Night, adviſe, that the greateſt Part of the King's Equipage ſet out from thence on the 14th, in order to come to this Place; and that the King deſigned to come by the Way of Dantzick, immediately after Eaſter. By the laſt Advices from Venice we learn, that Preparations were making for the Electoral Prince's Journey hither, and 'tis generally believed he will arrive by the Time the Fair of Leipſick begins, which will be about three Weeks hence.

Hambourg, March 28. Our Correſpondence with Sweden has for a long Time been very irregular, and much interrupted, ſo that we have but newly received the Letters from Stockholm of the 7th of December laſt. They adviſe, that the King of Sweden had not then intirely finiſhed the muſtering of his Cavalry, and had diſmiſſed great Numbers of Horſes out of every Regiment, notwithſtanding all the Repreſentations which had been made to him, that it was impoſſible to ſupply their Places with any better. His Majeſty had reſolved to eſtabliſh another Horſe-Guard, under the Name of the Body Squadron, inſtead of the Troop of Drabants, which was totally deſtroyed at the Battle of Pultowa. This new Squadron is to conſiſt of 450 Men; the beſt Troopers were choſen out of all the other Regiments as they were reviewed, in order to compoſe it; and it is to be commanded by Lieutenant General Hoard, as Captain-Lieutenant, who alſo commanded the late Drabant Guard. Towards the End of November, M. Kilkoff, the Muſcovite Reſident, who had been detained a Priſoner ever ſince the Beginning of this War, died at Wyſingoe. In May laſt a ſmall Dutch Ship having been taken by a Privateer of Stockholm, was by the Court of Admiralty there adjudged not to be lawful Prize, and that Sentence was confirmed by the Admiralty-Court at Carliſcrona; but in November the Owners of the Privateers appealing to the King, his Majeſty appointed a new Commiſſion, to determine for the future all Appeals from the ſeveral Courts of Admiralty, by the Name of the *great Luſtration Commiſſion*, conſiſting of a Lieutenant General as Preſident, four Collonels, four Lieutenant Collonels, and four Majors; theſe, at their firſt ſitting, not only condemned the ſaid Dutch Ship as Prize, but directed the Fiſcal to proſecute both the forementioned Courts of Admiralty, for having paſſed a Sentence contrary to the Tenour of His Majeſty's Edict relating to Privateers.

Paris, April 3. On the 20th of laſt Month Count Kinigſegg, Ambaſſadour from the Emperour, arrived here; and on the 30th had a private Audience of the King. The ſame Day the Prince de Cellamare, Ambaſſadour of Spain, received an Account by Expreſs, that on the 21ſt the Queen of Spain was brought to Bed of a Prince, who was immediately chriſtened and named Francis.

Admiralty-